

RAVENNA, OHIO:

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 27, 1854.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
SHEPARD P. NORRIS,
Of Clermont County.
FOR MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS,
ALEXANDER P. MILLER,
Of Butler County.

Democratic District Ticket.

FOR CONGRESS,
EBENEZER SPALDING, of Portage.
Democratic County Ticket.

PROBATE JUDGE,
BENJ. F. HOPKINS, of Franklin.
CLERK,
HORACE M. CLARK, of Ravenna.
AUDITOR,
JOSEPH LOOMIS, of Ravenna.
SHERIFF,
VALENTINE HEYDE, of Edinburgh.
COMMISSIONER,
GEORGE HEATH, of Nelson.
DIRECTOR OF COUNTY TREASURY,
ERASTUS CARTER, Jr., of Ravenna.
CORONER,
SETH NORTON, of Shalersville.

Democratic Meetings.

Democratic meetings will be held in several townships of this county, during this and the coming week as follows: Brimfield, Friday evening, Sept. 28th; Randolph, 30th; Shalersville, Oct. 3d; Garrettsville, Oct. 3d; Palmyra, Oct. 4th; Deerfield, Oct. 5th; Streetsboro, Oct. 6th. As to the other townships, notice will be given by handbills. The above meetings will be held in the evenings of said days.

Equal Taxation—A few facts for thinking men.

We would invite attention to the following resolutions passed at our late democratic county Convention:

Resolved, That all laws exempting Banks or other chartered institutions from the payment of their equal share of taxes for the support of the government, are unjust and oppressive, and we are fully determined to continue our opposition to such laws, UNTIL PERFECT EQUALITY IN TAXATION IS FULLY ESTABLISHED.

Resolved, That we cannot appreciate the justice of the principle, which this year exempts the Portage County Bank from taxation altogether, on account of a loss occasioned by their own indiscretion, while the people realize no diminution of their taxes, although the profits of their land and labor have been providentially cut off.

The above is a bold and clear expression of Democratic principles and policy upon this subject. Our party has always advocated equality of taxation, while our opponents have favored moneyed monopolies. This question of equal taxation, is of far more importance to the people of Portage county, than the dead, useless Nebraska issue, which the Fusionists are harping about so much.

The delinquent tax upon the Portage Branch Bank here in Ravenna, for the year 1852 is \$2,460.20—for 1853 it is \$3,512.28. The delinquent tax upon the Ohio Life Insurance and Trust Company for 1852 is \$685.38; for 1853 it is \$282. Neither the tax upon the Bank, or the Trust Company for those two years has yet been paid. The result is that this sum must be made up, by tax upon others, and the farmers and mechanics of Portage county, have been compelled to pay the large sum of SIX THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND THIRTY NINE DOLLARS AND EIGHTY SEVEN CENTS, more than they would have done, if the Portage County Bank and the Trust Company had paid their equal share of the State and county taxes!

Again, the Portage county Bank by its mismanagement has lost several thousand dollars within the last year, and being taxed only upon its profits, the consequence is, that it is exempted almost entirely from taxation. The farmers of Portage county have also lost thousands of dollars, not by their mismanagement, but by the terrible drought which they could not prevent; and yet they, the honest laborers of the country, are allowed no diminution on this account, but are compelled to pay about as many dollars of tax as if no such drought had affected them.

Every one can see the injustice of this mode of taxation. Here is an evil right at home. But where can we look for a remedy? To the Fusion Party? They are opposed to equality in taxation. They care nothing about the rights of the people of Portage county. We hope the voters of the county will consider this matter. It is one that concerns them. Let them examine the subject, and then by their votes, declare themselves in favor of equal taxation and just laws.

On our Side.

It will be seen by reference to the proceedings of the Democratic meeting at Canton, that Hon. D. K. CARTER is stumping the District for SPALDING. Our readers will remember that Mr. CARTER was a candidate for Congress, at the late Fusion Convention in Ravenna, and received the highest number of votes of any with the exception of LEITER. Mr. CARTER says that he has no confidence in LEITER either as a man or a politician, and that as a consistent friend of freedom he cannot support him.

Judge LYNN of Stark county, a warm and ardent friend of liberty, who has heretofore acted with the Fusion party has also come out against Mr. LEITER and in favor of Mr. SPALDING. This will cause a trembling in the Fusion ranks. Messrs. CARTER and LYNN are strong men, and their influence will tell powerfully for the success of democratic principles.

Voters of Portage County.

The time is fast approaching when you will be called upon to exercise the privileges of freeman at the ballot box.

REMEMBER

That you owe your freedom and all the civil privileges which you enjoy to the glorious constitution of these States.

REMEMBER

That sectional parties are declared by WASHINGTON, FRANKLIN, JACKSON, CLAY and all those noble men to whom we have been accustomed to look for counsel, as dangerous to the existence of the constitution and the liberties of the people!

REMEMBER

That B. F. LEITER is the candidate of a party based solely upon sectional interests—that B. F. LEITER denies the right of popular sovereignty, that he belongs to a secret political party, and is opposed to religious freedom—that he is opposed to allowing the countrymen of LAFAYETTE, PUTLAND and DEKALB, a participation in the blessings of our government—that he would prescribe even the children of foreigners from the privilege of citizenship.

REMEMBER

That Mr. SPALDING, the Democratic candidate for Congress, is in favor of popular sovereignty, and religious freedom.

REMEMBER

That Mr. SPALDING is pledged to use all constitutional and legal means to prevent the spread of Slavery into territories now free.

REMEMBER

That the Democratic party is in favor of equal rights, equal laws, and equal taxation—that they are in favor of compelling Banks and other chartered institutions, to bear their equal share in the taxes for the support of the Government.

REMEMBER

That by voting for the Democratic candidates, you vote for men who are pledged to carry out these doctrines of equality in taxation as well as equality in the exercise of civil and religious privileges.

Mr. Leiter and his Temperance Supporters.

MR. LEITER, not only himself claims to be the friend of a prohibitory law, but Lyman W. Hall, J. S. Herrick and Wm. Wadsworth, publishers of the Mongrel Democrat, all of them claimed as champions of the "Maine Law," in their paper of last week, asserts that Mr. LEITER "is a temperate man—a champion of the prohibitory law, consistent and able," and urge temperance men to vote for him on this behalf. What hypocrisy! They knew that statement was a lie when they published it!

We did not at the beginning of the campaign intend to say anything about Mr. LEITER's private character; we preferred to deal with his public acts. But his own party have put his character in issue—have presented him to the temperance men, as one worthy of their support, and now we propose to examine his conduct.

We can prove he is a habitual drinker and has been for years. If the testimony of the four grocers in Canton, given in another column, is not sufficient to satisfy honest men of his intemperance, we can give them more. There is not a town or a township in Stark county, but where witnesses can be found to testify against him.

But he is laboring in this county to establish a belief in his piety. Now it is currently reported and we believe it can be proven by men both in Portage and Stark counties, that he is a gambler. He is far better acquainted with the game of "Faro" than with Church ceremonies—far more familiar with gambler's phrases than with texts in the Bible.

We have the names and dates, and any man can have the proof who desires it, by calling at this office. This is BEN LEITER, the Fusion candidate for Congress—the candidate of the pure temperance party—the candidate supported by HALL, HERRICK & WADSWORTH, those men who have been preaching morality to the people of Portage county for years, and who, thanking God that "they are not as other men are," hold themselves up as the oracles of truth and virtue. "No doubt wisdom will die with them."

We have made these charges at this time, that Mr. LEITER and his friends, can have an opportunity to defend themselves before election, if any defense can be made. We have the proof for every thing we have stated. We are willing and even desirous, to have our opponents to put these facts in question.

As Mr. LEITER's private character is now in issue, so is that of Mr. SPALDING, the Democratic candidate for Congress. He, (Mr. SPALDING), is known in Portage county. Can any of these charges be made against him. No, he is a man whose habits are unexceptionable. He stands before the people as an upright honorable citizen. No man can say anything against him. As between him and Mr. LEITER, there will be no difficulty with honest men in making a choice.

Queries.

No. 1. Will the temperance organ on Main street, inform us how many times their Maine law candidate, LEITER drank red wine at Alliance?

No. 2. After LEITER's speech at Rootstown, and while standing on the steps of Barnard's Hotel, he stated in the presence of several, that he had a bottle of "cholera medicine" with him. Will the temperance organ inform us whether, it was, red wine or excellent brandy?

No. 3. What kept LEITER away from Atwater, and Edinburgh, when he was posted for a speech there?

No. 4. How can an honest temperance man support a hard drinker, and a gambler, for office, without appearing dishonest?

No. 5. Were HALL & Co., honest last fall, when they went in for temperance, and morality, or this fall, when they go in for intemperance and Gambling?

No. 6. How long before HALL & Co., are going to add a "Faro Bank" and "Roulette table" to their "soda fountain and temperance printing establishment."

The Free Soilers of Geauga County, have nominated a ticket of their own, for the County offices. There is too much independence, and integrity, about them to join the fusion, mongrel movement.

Letter in favor of the Maine Law, in Portage County—at Home, in favor of Good Liquor.

We copy the following from the Stark county Democrat. It shows up BEN LEITER in his true character. We ask all to read it and judge for themselves.

"If the following did not come from a reliable source, we could not credit the information given. BEN LEITER 'in favor of a more stringent liquor law!' It is news here. If it had been that BEN had declared himself in favor of more stringent liquor, it would have been easily believed. But read the letter, it is decidedly rich!"

RAVENNA, Sept. 19, 1854.

ED. DEMOCRAT:—Letter is stumping this county, and taking ground in favor of the Maine Law. Last night, in a speech at Rootstown, he said "he had long been in favor of a more stringent liquor law. He regretted the subject had not been in more able hands last winter, and a more stringent law passed; that where he lived they called him a Maine law man. He was a strong temperance man, and always had been;" said he was elected Temperance Mayor of Canton last spring, by a unanimous vote, and had been putting the liquor men through ever since; consequently he was the most popular man that ever lived in Stark county.

Being asked if he was drunk at Alliance, at our Convention, he said the drink nothing but a little red wine, for the bowel complaint. He said he had never been accustomed to use liquor, and for several years he had not drunk a drop, except on the prescription of a physician. He said he was a man of 'unexceptionable moral character; they had fifteen churches in Canton, and he was accustomed to attend them all.

His whole speech was made up of just such statements. He thinks we Yankees are green, but he will find out the mistake about October. We are raising a paroxysm this morning to pay his expenses through the county. He will do more for Spalding's election than anything else. Last night he made ten votes for us; and we shall carry "old Portage" by a straight shanty, if BEN continues on the stump. Can you send us up two or three more "strong Maine law men," with BEN's color, who attend fifteen churches weekly? We will pay their expenses, and send them round; every speech they make will add twenty-five to our majority. How fortunate that the Fusionists have up such an exemplary man—never drinks, gambles, or does anything immoral, except for the bowel complaint, and by prescription—ever the left.

You can rest assured that we are entirely reliable for a good, sound Democratic majority this fall. The Democrats were never better united—and are receiving accessions to their ranks every day.

Yours, PORTAGE.

To the foregoing we append the following. The only objection the proprietors of the other liquor establishments in this city had to signing this card, was that "they were fearful of losing their custom!"

CANTON, Sept. 20, 1854.

The undersigned Grocery and Saloon keepers of Canton, Stark county, Ohio, do hereby certify that Benjamin F. Leiter, Esq., of that place, has been for months and years past, up to the present time, a formidable customer, in the drinking line, at our establishments.

H. L. FOGELGESANG.
C. FOGELGESANG.
JOHN MALLINE.
M. SCHAEFFER.

We are really astonished at Leiter's effrontery. Red wine for the "bowel complaint." Was elected as the Temperance Mayor of Canton! Why it is susceptible of proof that he pledged himself, if elected Mayor, not to enforce the temperance law, and to allow the groceries and saloons full swing during the Singing Festival in June, which lasted three days, one of which was Sunday. A good deal of piety and Maine law temperance in that, is it not? Why, it is quite a common boast of Leiter, that he is a good judge of good liquor.

We regret to be compelled to expose Leiter's ridiculous and contemptible efforts to be elected to Congress. It is only a strong sense of duty that induces us to show him up in this way, in his true colors. Is not the evidence given above, strong enough to convince any candid man of Mr. LEITER's intemperance? In Stark county he expects to be elected by the votes of those who favor the liquor traffic, while in Portage he asks support on account of his temperance principles. Beautiful consistency! Will the temperance men of Portage County support him? Will the voting members of the "Live Oak Temple of Honor" support him? Can they as consistent friends of Temperance support a man thus notoriously intemperate.

A Word to Young Men.

It is important that young men just entering upon the performance of their duties as citizens, should form just and liberal views of the government, and the principles necessary to be carried out, to secure its permanency. A free toleration of all religions, is a fundamental doctrine of the constitution. As the young men of the country love the constitution and the liberties which it secures to us, so should they frown upon any attempt to form or perpetuate secret political organizations, the object of which is to create religious tyranny and oppression.

A young man should entertain no political sentiment which he dare not openly avow. Whatever concerns the rights and liberties of the people should be made public, that an opportunity may be given for a full and fair discussion of its merits.

To the young men of Portage county we would say, adopt no political creed which you dare not openly defend. Be frank and manly in the performance of your civil duties. The present time affords a good opportunity for active effort upon your part. Avoid all parties whose sole object is power. Learn to be National in your views and feelings. If you are a Democrat, remember that you stand pledged in favor of equal laws, equal taxation, and equal exact justice to all men, so far as regards social, civil and religious privileges.

Labor earnestly and diligently for the success of these principles. Be vigilant, be active.

We would call the attention of our readers, to the letter from a Whig, in another column. It is a clear candid statement of facts, and arguments, and appeals to the reason of every honest consistent Whig, in Portage County. We ask for it an attentive perusal.

The Prussian Minister, resident at Washington, it is reported, is to be promoted to the office of Envoy Extraordinary.

Democratic Meeting at Canton—Carter on the Stump.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Democracy assembled at the Court House in Canton on Wednesday evening Sept. 20th 1854.

On motion Arnold Lynch was called to the chair, and W. F. Evans appointed Secretary. On motion J. F. Kethams and P. A. Reitzell were appointed a committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting. The committee after retiring for a short time returned and offered the following resolutions which were adopted:

Resolved, That this meeting fully recognizes as the faith of the Democracy, the sentiments contained in the following resolution:

"That the people of Ohio, now, as they have always done, look upon the institution of slavery, in any part of the Union, as an evil, and unfavorable to the full development of the spirit and practical benefits of free institutions; and that entertaining these sentiments, they will, at all times, feel it to be their duty to use all power clearly given by the terms of the national compact, to prevent its increase, to mitigate, and finally eradicate the evil."—Democratic Resolution of 1848.

Resolved, That we will use all constitutional means within our power to prevent the admission into the Union, of the territories of Kansas and Nebraska as slave states.

Resolved, That the doctrine which would exclude our fellow men of foreign birth, or any particular religion or sect, from all the equal privileges of the American government, is dangerous to the best interests, glory and power of the nation, and it is in violation of the true spirit and intention of the Federal Constitution.

After the adoption of the foregoing and at the call of the meeting, Hon. D. K. CARTER took the stand and in his usual style opposed the inconsistency of the political course, B. F. Leiter the fusion candidate for Congress.

At the conclusion of Mr. Carter's remarks, Hon. S. Lahm was called upon who in a speech of more than an hour in length, showed up Know Nothing Fusionism and Leiter & Co. The speakers were frequently applauded and the old Democratic enthusiasm was fully aroused.

ARNOLD LYNCH, President.
W. F. EVANS, Sec'y.

Correspondence with Mr. Spalding.

CANTON, Sept. 21, 1854.

E. SPALDING, Esq.—Sir:—Enclosed are resolutions passed at a Democratic meeting held in this city last evening. It would be gratifying to your friends in this county to know whether they meet with your approval.

Very respectfully
Yours, &c.
ARNOLD LYNCH.

RAVENNA, Sept. 22, 1854.

Sir:—Yours of the 21st enclosing certain resolutions adopted by a Democratic meeting in Canton on the 20th inst., is at hand, and in reply allow me to say, that I heartily approve of each and all of them, I have only to regret that my engagements prevented me from being present to give them my personal support in your meeting.

Respectfully yours,
E. SPALDING.

A. LYNCH, Esq.

Mr. Leiter and the Fugitive Slave Law.

While Hon. D. K. CARTER was in Congress, he voted against the passage of the Fugitive Slave Law. BEN LEITER FORTH, WITH A MEETING CALLED FOR THE PURPOSE OF READING HIM OUT OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY, ON ACCOUNT OF HIS VOTE UPON THIS QUESTION. This is Mr. LEITER's love of freedom! By his own dishonorable acts he has shown himself to be in favor of the Fugitive Slave Law. Of course he denies it now, but "actions speak louder than words."

O. P. BROWN spoke at Randolph and Rootstown, with point and spirit, he has investigated Mr. LEITER's position, and has the strongest confidence in Mr. LEITER's temperance principles.—Dem. of last week.

O. P. BROWN, Esq., says that Hall & Co., are not authorized to make the above statement, that it is not correct—that in his speech at Rootstown he did not endorse Leiter as a temperance man, or endorse his temperance principles; and we say that O. P. BROWN does not now, endorse him as a temperance man. That is something which an honest temperance man cannot do.

It seems that Hall having exhausted himself in lying is endeavoring to make others lie for him—let temperance men beware.

Resignation of Mr. Whittlesey.

Various reports concerning the cause of the resignation of Hon. ELISHA WHITTLESEY, as Controller of the U. S. Treasury Department, have been circulated. Last week the Editors of the Mongrel Democrat, stated that it was on account of the corruption &c., of the Administration. That our readers may be correctly informed in regard to the matter, we publish the following letter from Mr. WHITTLESEY to the Editor of the New York Tribune:

Editor N. Y. Tribune:—Sir:—"Your paper of the 9th has this moment been handed to me. It is stated in a special dispatch from Washington, dated the 8th, that my resignation has been prompted by the removal of a favorite clerk, and other causes."

It is due to truth to say, that my leaving this office has no connection with anything of the kind; but it was determined on, before either occurrence referred to, happened. The President has treated me with all the kindness I could expect, or wish, from any Chief Magistrate.

Most sincerely yours,
ELISHA WHITTLESEY.
Treasury Department, Controller's Office, Sept. 12th, 1854.

We are informed that one of the Canton Grocery men refused to sign a certificate as to LEITER drinking for fear, he would stop patronizing him, and his (LEITER's) custom was worth half a dollar a day.

We speak from the proof. Will the temperance organ on Main street please copy!

An old farmer of Portage County wants to know if the "Fusion candidates" don't think the county offices would be a good place to go, to prevent slavery from getting into Nebraska Territory? Quite a sensible question. We hope the Fusionists will answer it.

For the Portage Sentinel.
Letter from a Whig.

MR. EDITOR:—Will you grant room in your columns for my impressions, as a spectator relative to the complexion of political affairs at this juncture? I say, as a spectator, the tanks in which I was once proud to stand, are broken and the principles of the party deserted. I always have been a Whig; and Whig principles as avowed by former champions of the party, are still dear to me as ever; but the Whig party now, where is it?—as sold for a mess of pottage; mortgaged to help fight for visionary objects, with the precarious prospect of a share of the spoils.

Whigs who once stood by the side of Webster and Clay, why do you abandon your principles? for abandon them you must, if you join this miserable fusion movement. This "fusion" is a mixing of men of all shades of political opinion, with a company of fanatics, for vanguard without any political opinions at all; they are agreed on no question save that of slavery. Now as Whigs, do you not believe that there are other questions besides that of slavery, for which you should have some regard when you give your suffrages as free men of a great Republic? Look at the resolutions, of all the Conventions gotten up by the fusionists; where, among them all you find a single expression of opinion relative to the principles on which they would have the general government administered, or what policy they would have carried out in state and local matters? Nebraska begins the list, and Kansas ends it, with the fugitive slave law between, while resolves concerning what intimately affects the immediate interests of the people are nowhere.

The fact is, the managers of these Conventions dare not discuss any matter except slavery; for they will know that the antagonistic views that could not fail to be elicited by such a discussion, would cause an explosion. Now, in supporting the nominations of the Fusion conventions, you must vote for men, who, when in office do not carry out a single article of your political faith, save one—that of opposition to the extension of slavery. A sacrifice must be made of your whole creed, except one article; and pray, what are you to gain by the sacrifice? nothing, absolutely nothing.

But there are one or two issues made by the coalition, which no Whig convention could possibly be fool-hardy enough to make; perhaps it is for the sake of these issues, that you so shamefully desert the standard under which you battled in the glorious days of Clay and Webster. Let us examine all them; all the coalition conventions of which I have read, make the restoration of the compromise line, the plank of their platform. I suppose it is a fact, that thousands have left their former party connections and go to their bladders, for the fusion nominations, mainly, and solely for the sake of the restoration of the compromise. However wrong the abrogation of that compromise was, and how ever desirable its restoration may be, who, that soberly and candidly considers the question in a practical point of view, believes for a moment, that it can be restored? The majority in favor of the Nebraska bill was a large one. Suppose the fusion to succeed in every district in the north, it will even then take two years to get a doubtful majority for the repeal, in the House of Representatives, while it will require six years before Senators from the free States, can be made unanimous for the restoration, and should the north and south stand arrayed with its full force in the Senate, the most advantage the north could possibly have would be two votes—a slender prospect, indeed! But the bill for repeal even should it pass, six years hence, with all these chances against it, must go to the President for his signature; and who supposes it possible that a President could be elected and pledged to any such issue? And, then add to those chances against success, the probability, nay, certainty of a veto, and how of when I ask, is the Nebraska bill to be repealed!

Those who are making this issue are laboring without a shadow of hope for success. The Nebraska bill will never be repealed; its repeal is impossible! The leaders of the "fusion party" know it cannot be repealed. By much ranting against a wrong committed by Congress contrary to the wishes of the people, they may induce many to leave the Whig party, and some the democratic party, to come and place their opposing creeds in the crucible heated by fanaticism, where a heterogeneous mass of incompatibles, is to be "fused" and moulded into a hobby, on which, they, the leaders may ride into office; and soon as they find themselves safely at the public crib, their hobby will be turned out to grass.

The present indications are, that Nebraska and Kansas will soon be settled by free men, and in all probability will ask for admittance into the Union with constitutions, long before the course of events could render a repeal, at all possible. I do not honestly believe that a single stump orator who vociferates with stentorian lungs for repeal, or a single Editor of the Fusion press, who would annihilate the whole south with a drive of his quill, nor one of the nominees of the Fusion party for office this fall, supposes that the issue that he professes to make, is at all practicable. All is done for the sake of a share of the spoils of office. For my part, I vote for no man who panders his principles for the sake of office, nor have I confidence in any man who has not enough of the second sober thought, to restrain him from chasing every bubble, cast up by the transitory wave of popular excitement.

Sept. 20, 1854. H. M. F.

For the Portage Sentinel.
Information Wanted.

EDINBURGH, Sept. 20.

MR. EDITOR:—The Free Soil candidate for Congress, B. F. LEITER, was announced to speak here on Tuesday evening, last, but failed to make his appearance. It is reported that owing to an unfortunate habit, he was not in a condition to speak. We should like to be informed here. I have always been a temperance man, both in practice and principle, and cannot, as an honest consistent one, support an intemperate man for office. I have labored for years in the temperance cause, and rejoice that it stands where it does at the present time. I cannot abandon all my former professions and vote for a man who is accustomed to indulge in the fatal glass.

A TEMPERANCE MAN.

Falsehood Corrected.

The leading false charges made in the Democrat last week are as follows:

SPALDING OUT—THE PADLOCK SHIPPED.—LATEST NEWS.—EBENEZER SPALDING, the Pierce nominee for Congress, was in Akron last week, and in the presence of a company of fierce Nebraska Democrats, DECLARED HIMSELF WARMLY IN FAVOR OF THE NEBRASKA BILL.

"COUNTING THE CATHOLICS.—MR. SPALDING visited Akron last week, and being a stranger there was taken in by a certain alphabetical specimen of humanity, and introduced to the leading Catholics of the place. The form of introduction was this:—MR. Spalding, this is Mr. A. B. A BROTHER Catholic!"

The first charge made above, is without a shadow of truth; so also is the second. MR. SPALDING made no assertion in regard to the Nebraska bill, one way or the other, and the statement that he did "declare himself in favor of the Nebraska bill" is a lie made out of whole cloth. His sentiments upon the slavery question are set forth in to day's paper. He regards the institution of slavery as an evil, and will use all constitutional means to keep it from spreading over territories now free. We presume that like other sensible men, he regards the Nebraska issue which the Fusionists try to force upon us as useless, and a mere excuse reported to them by getting into office.

MR. SPALDING was not introduced as a Catholic to any one, and has never claimed to be one, for the purpose of getting Catholic votes. He is, however, in favor of religious freedom, while the Fusionists are in favor of religious despotism. This is the difference between them.

Maine! Maine!!

Oh, have you heard the news from Maine? Good news and true.—Hass Green Wins Bone.

The Fusion papers have had a terrible burrah about Maine, claiming that the Democrats were beaten, and that their (the God and Liberty) party was triumphant. The following from the Pittsburgh Post, will dampen their after a little!

"Late letters received from the wild cat district in Maine, give most undoubted assurance that T. J. D. Fuller, Democrat, is elected to Congress instead of Miliken, Fusionist, as before reported. Also, that Morrill, once head Democrat and Fusionist, is not, as first reported, elected by eleven thousand majority, but defeated by more than one thousand votes. This is good news and true."

If I drank anything at all at Alliance, it was only, a little red wine or excellent brandy, for the bowel complaint. (B. F. LEITER's speech at Rootstown.)

We were informed upon the authority of one of the most respectable citizens of Canton, and a personal friend of LEITER, that he saw him drink Monongahela Whiskey there four times, during the day. How many more times he drank that day, our informant does not know. He further says, that LEITER is one of the best drinkers in Canton. The gentleman's name will be given, to any honest temperance man who will call at this office.

Items of News.

MADAME RUTKAI (the sister of Kosuth), has returned to the city of New York, and reopened her establishment for the sale of laces and embroideries.

TARRIED AND FEATHERED.—The Louisville Democrat states that the jurymen in the Thomson case at Georgetown, Kentucky, who was in favor of acquitting the prisoner, and thus hung the jury and saved the supposed guilty, had been tarred and feathered near that place.

The New York Mirror says, "At a meeting of the creditors of Messrs. G. P. Putnam & Co., yesterday, it was agreed to give the house an extension; and allow them to go on with their publications. The liabilities are represented at \$80,000.

A cow in Northeast Pennsylvania gave five hundred and fifty-nine and three-fourth lbs. of milk in ten days. The largest yield in one day was fifty-nine, and the least fifty-three and a half pounds—averaging fifty-five pounds per day. So says the Erie (Pa.) Gazette.

The river is so low at St. Louis that the boiler docks of the largest steamers are